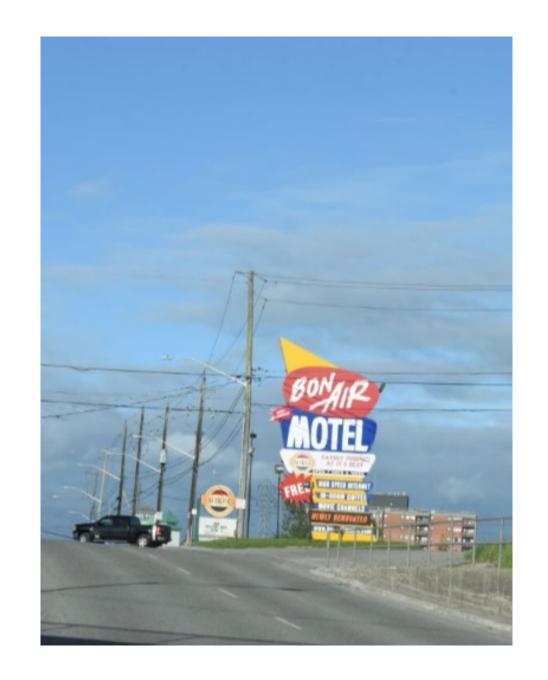
# Learning, Doing, and the Golden Ratio

Stephen Downes
June 9, 2016
Kapuskasing, Ontario



#### Our objective for today

We will create a 6-sentence essay on the future of learning



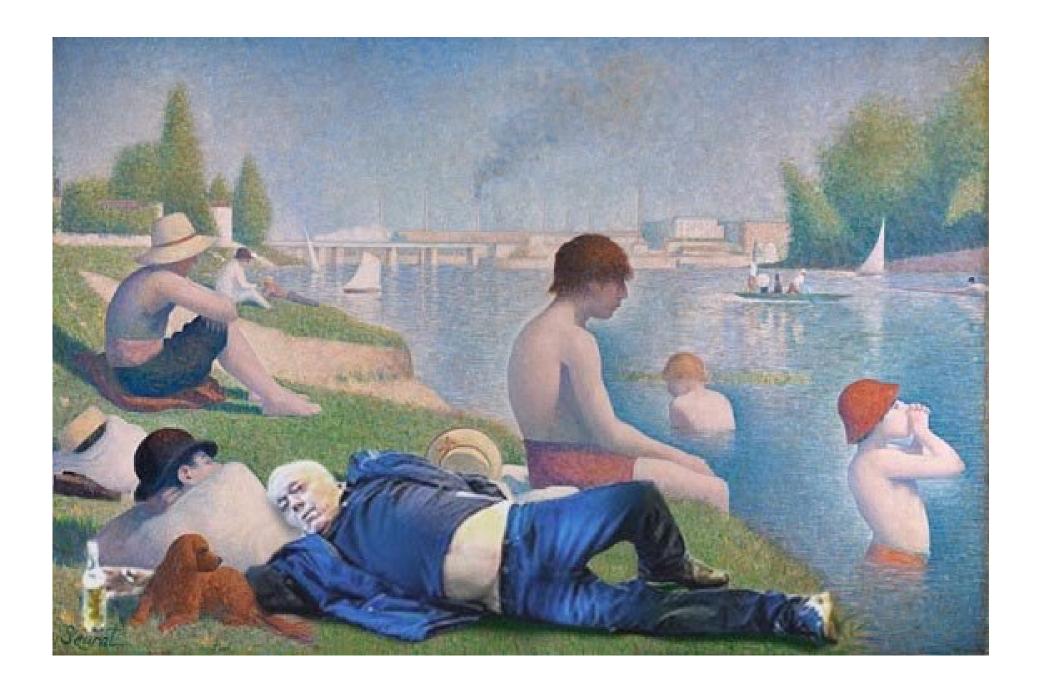
https://www.theguardian.com/uk-news/2016/jan/03/like-a-beautiful-painting-image-of-new-years-mayhem-in-manchester-goes-viral

#### Questions and Topics

- The new roles of professor...
- learning is doing...
- personalized vs personal learning...
- evaluation in the new era...
- the main challenges in education in the 21st century...



https://twitter.com/hughesroland/status/682921993331720196/photo/1?ref\_src=twsrc%5Etfw



#### Today's Imperatives

- critical thinking
- innovation & creativity
- learning to learn
- collaboration
- communication
- global citizenship

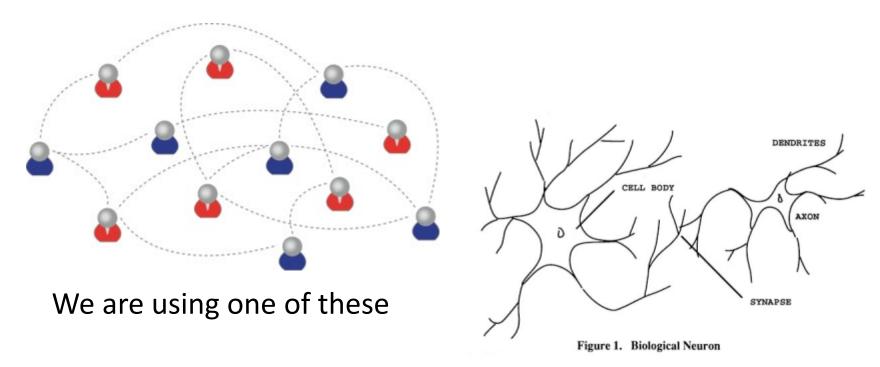
From this morning's presentation

### Design vs Environment

Path	Field	
Course	Curriculum (as in 'mapping')	
Sequence / Prequisite	Core / periphery / foundation	
Movement / covered	Inquiry / Discovery / Gaps	
Threshold / Levels	Coverage / Construction	
Positioning – first / last	Grouping / Clustering	
Objective / target	Serendipity / emergence	
Leading / Led	Centred	

Carrie Paechter, Metaphors of Space in Educational Theory and Practice <a href="http://www.tandfonline.com/doi/pdf/10.1080/14681360400200202">http://www.tandfonline.com/doi/pdf/10.1080/14681360400200202</a>

#### Learning Outcomes



To create one of these

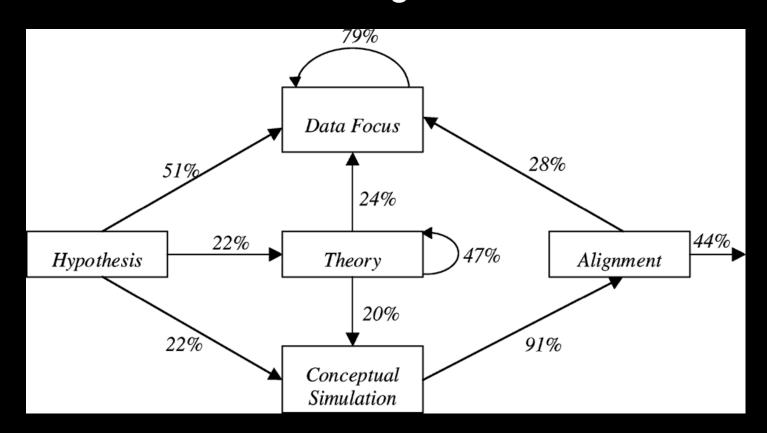
Personal knowledge consists of *neural* connections, not facts and data

#### Inference and belief



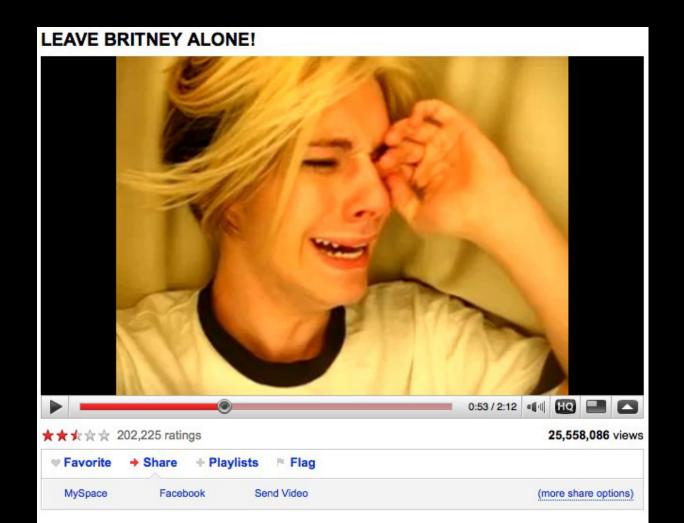
We understand the future in the same way we understand the past, by studying the signs - S. Downes <a href="http://www.downes.ca/post/20">http://www.downes.ca/post/20</a>

## Science as language, learning as conversation, knowledge as inference



#### The Second Thesis, Part B

#### This means getting beyond narrow textbased conceptions we have of media



#### Conceptions Like:

- messages have a sender and a receiver
- words get meaning from what they represent
- truth is based on the real world
- events have a cause, and causes can be known
- science is based on forming and testing hypotheses

These, taken together, constitute, a static, linear, coherent picture of the world

The world, as though it were a book, or a library

Not everyone sees it that way

#### A frame for understanding new media

Morris, Derrida and a little Lao Tzu

Syntax	Cognition
Semantics	Context
Pragmatics	Change

We need this frame because (as Jukes said) if we aren't looking for these things, we just won't see them.

#### Syntax

#### Not just rules and grammar

```
V:\WinBuilder\projects\pscProqs\reg2WBS\reg2WBSprq.exe
reg2WBSprg program version 2.0.0
Copyright (C) 2007 Peter Schlang
Syntax: reg2WBSprg -i<input file> [-i<input file> ...] [-d<input directory>]
                   [-o<output file>] [-H] [(-SYS | -DFL | -SFT)] [-E] [-R(name>]
                  [-A[ -PKreplace list>]
  <input file>: {<complete path> ! <name only>>
    Kname only> demands <input directory>
  no (output file): output to console
  -H: Write RegHiveLoad and RegHiveUnload commands into file
  -SYS: Process setupreg.hiv hive lines only
  -DFL: Process default hive lines only
  -SFT: Process software hive lines only
  -E: Replace Environment variables values by ariables names
  -R: Build runnable section [name]
  -A: Use API style
  <replace list>: <replace>,<by>[;<replace>,<by>[;...]]
Click Execute to finish ...
```

Forms: archetypes? Platonic ideals?

Rules: grammar = logical syntax

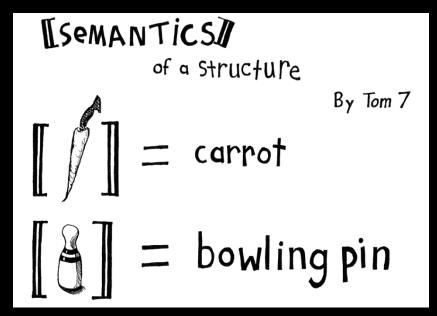
Operations: procedures, motor skills

Patterns: regularities, substitutivity (eggcorns, tropes)

Similarities: Tversky - properties, etc

#### Semantics

theories of truth / meaning / purpose / goal



http://www.cs.cmu.edu/~tom7/csnotes/fall02/semantics.gif

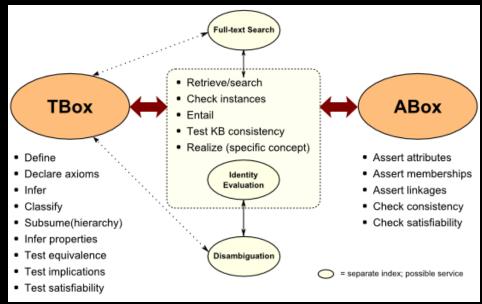
- Sense and reference (connotation and denotation)
- Interpretation (Eg. In probability, Carnap logical space;
   Reichenbach frequency; Ramsey wagering / strength of belief)
- Forms of association: Hebbian, contiguity, back-prop, Boltzmann
- Decisions and decision theory: voting / consensus / emergence

## Pragmatics use, actions, impact



- Speech acts (J.L. Austin, Searle) assertives, directives, commissives, expressives, declarations (but also harmful acts, harassment, etc)
- Interrogation (Heidegger) and presupposition
- Meaning (Wittgenstein meaning is use)

## Cognition reasoning, inference and explanation



http://www.mkbergman.com/category/description-logics/

- description X (definite description, allegory, metaphor)
- definition X is Y (ostensive, lexical, logical (necess. & suff conds), family resemblance but also, identity, personal identity, etc
- argument X therefore Y inductive, deductive, abductive (but also: modal, probability (Bayesian), deontic (obligations), doxastic (belief), etc.)
- explanation X because of Y (causal, statistical, chaotic/emergent)

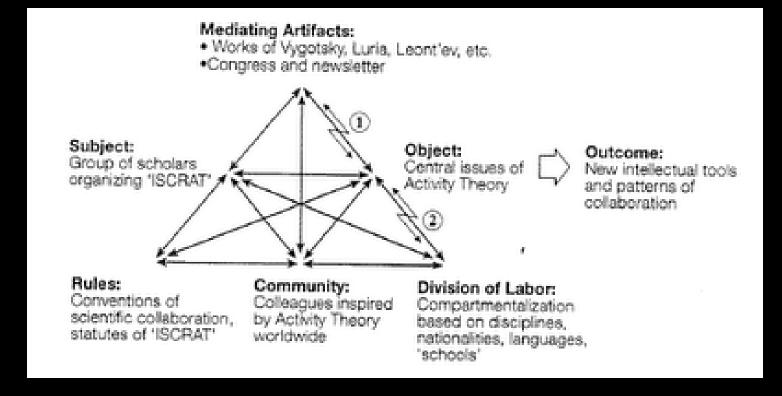
# Context placement, environment



http://www.occasionbasedmarketing.com/what-it-is

- explanation (Hanson, van Fraassen, Heidegger)
- meaning (Quine); tense range of possibilities
- vocabulary (Derrida); ontologies, logical space
- Frames (Lakoff) and worldviews

#### Change



- relation and connection: I Ching, logical relation
- flow: Hegel historicity, directionality; McLuhan 4 things
- progression / logic -- games, for example: quiz&points, branch-and-tree, database
- scheduling timetabling events; activity theory / LaaN

#### 21st Century Skills Languages



http://spotlight.macfound.org/btr/entry/new media literacies/

The 'skills' described by Jenkins – performance, simulation, appropriation, etc - are actually languages and should be understood in terms of these six dimensions

## 21st Century Languages

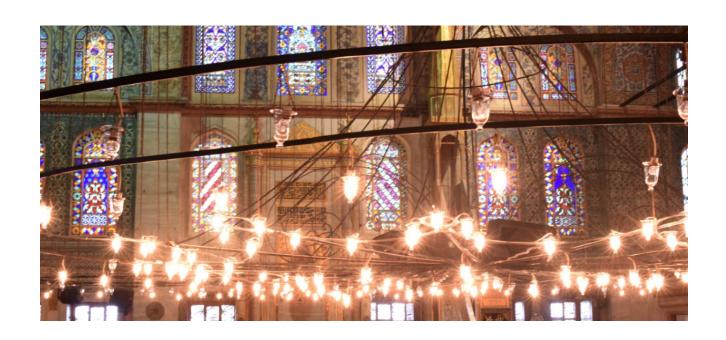
Languages	Performance	Simulation	Appropriation
Elements			
Syntax			
Semantics			
Pragmatics			
Cognition			
Context			
Change			

#### Example: Performance - Syntax

Languages Elements	Performance (the ability to adopt alternative identities for the purpose of improvisation and discovery) (subcategories?)
Syntax: - Forms - Rules - Operations - Patterns - Similarities	<ul> <li>Presentation acting, method acting</li> <li>"Know your lines" etc</li> <li>http://filmtvcareers.about.com/od/gettingthejob/a/GJ Actor Tips.htm</li> <li>Stanislavski's system (etc)</li> <li>http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Stanislavski%27s system</li> <li>Ritual Performance (etc.)</li> <li>http://www.let.rug.nl/koster/papers/JHP.Koster2.Edit.pdf</li> <li>Comparing Tales (etc.)</li> <li>http://artsedge.kennedy-center.org/content/2343/</li> </ul>

#### The Inflexible Law of Learning

It's when we do stuff that we learn, not when stuff does something for us.



- •6 groups
- One for each critical literacy

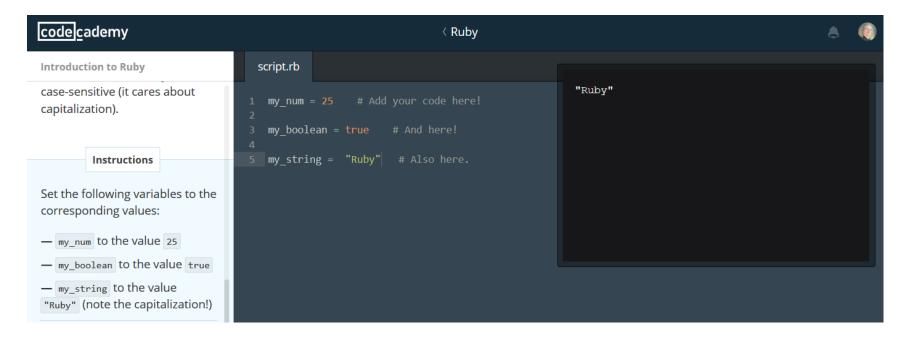
#### The Future in 2016

- 1. Machine learning and artificial intelligence
- 2. Handheld and Mobile Computing
- 3. Outcomes and Competencies
- 4. Internet of Things
- 5. Games, Sims and Virtual Reality
- 6. Translation and Collaborative Technology

http://teachonline.ca/tools-trends/exploring-future-education/2016-look-future-online-learning-part-1 <a href="http://halfanhour.blogspot.com.tr/2016/03/the-2016-look-at-future-of-online.html">http://halfanhour.blogspot.com.tr/2016/03/the-2016-look-at-future-of-online.html</a>

#### 1. Machine learning and Al

- Not simply for adaptive learning
- The idea is to create an *environment*



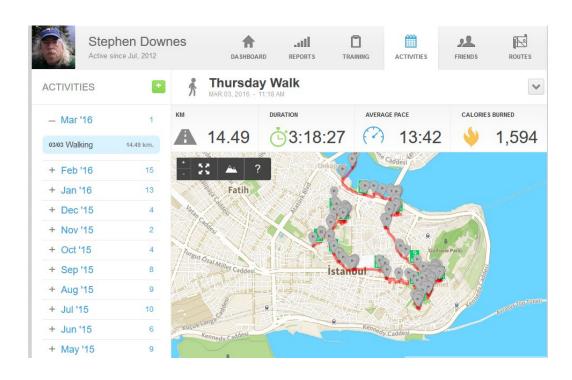
https://www.codecademy.com/

### Three Types of Al

- decision engines these are expert systems that are based on rule-driven strategies
- pattern recognition perceptual systems that identify patterns from partial or disorganized data
- cluster detection detecting nearest neighbours and categories of things

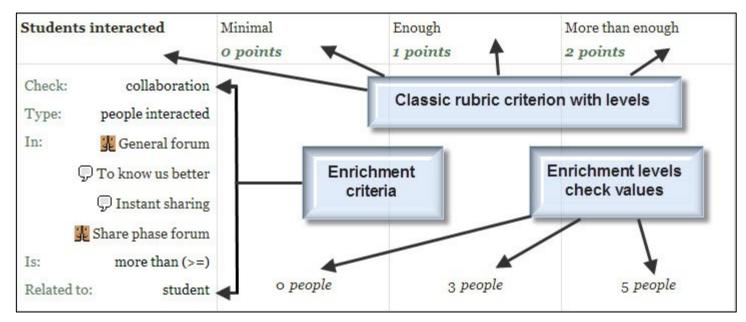
#### Learning Analytics

- We talk about predictive analytics as though finishing a course is the problem
- The real future is in the quantified self



- Predictive Analytics
- Recognition Tasks





#### Personalized Learning

- Rules-Based Events (like notifications)
- User Models
- Adaptive Learning

Recognition Networks The "what" of learning

Strategic Networks The "how" of learning

Affective Networks The "why" of learning

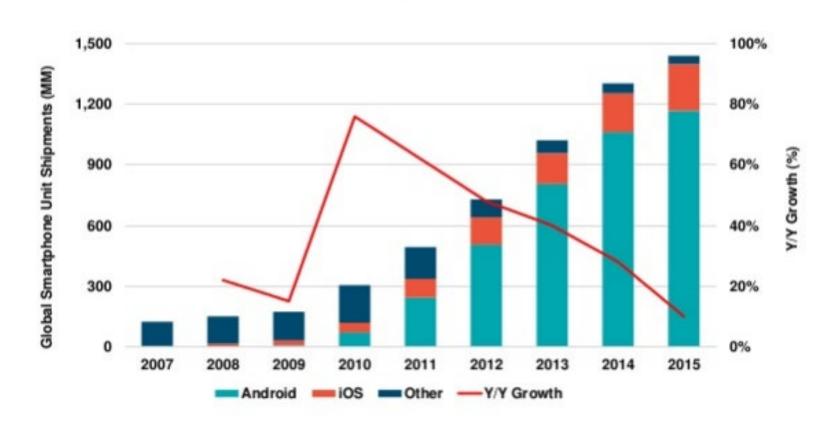






#### 2. Handheld and Mobile Computing

Smartphone Unit Shipments by Operating System, Global, 2007 - 2015



#### Performance Support

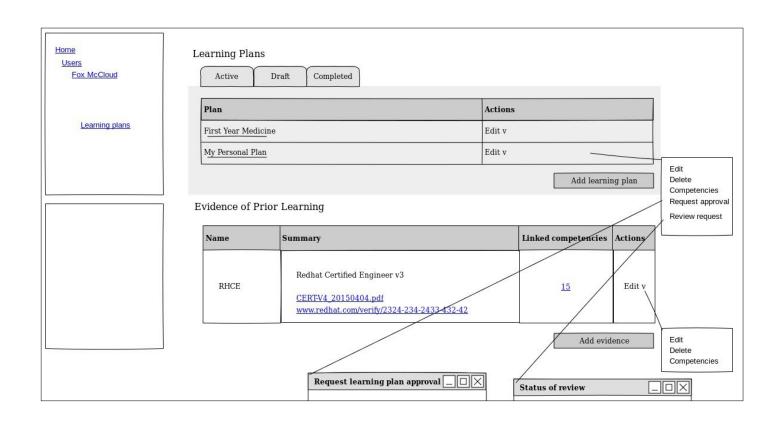
 The future of learning isn't the mobile phone

• It's in the *integrated* performance support system

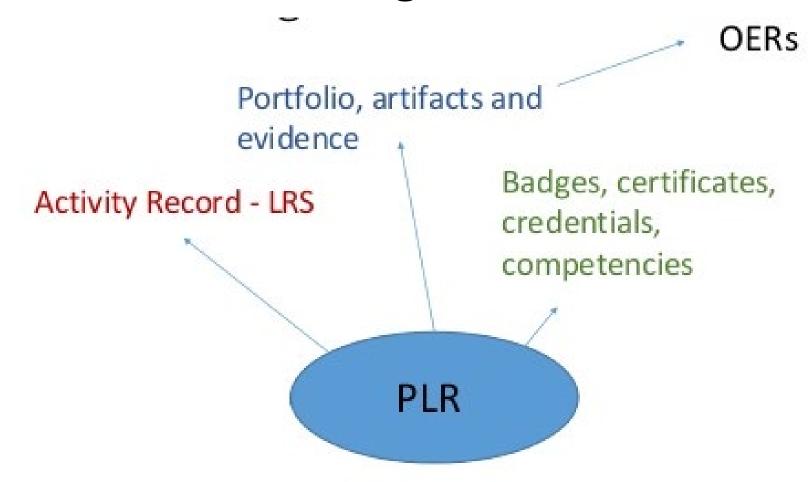


PHOTO COURTESY E

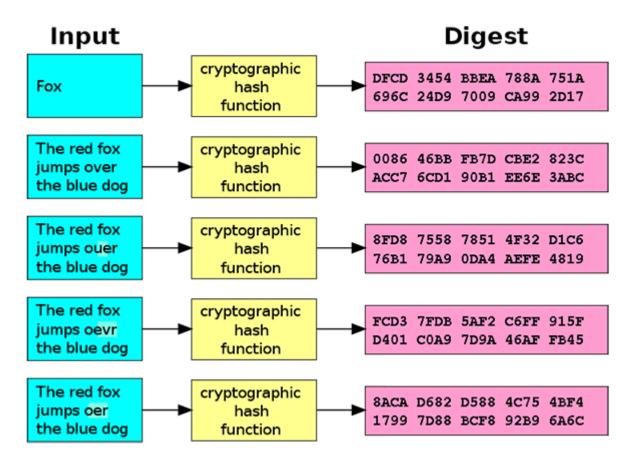
#### 3. Outcomes and Competencies



#### Personal Learning Records



#### Badges and Blockchain



http://dmlcentral.net/blog/doug-belshaw/peering-deep-future-educational-credentialing

Doug Belshaw:

"If we used the blockchain for Open Badges," he writes, "then we could prove beyond reasonable doubt that the person receiving badge Y is the same person who created evidence X.

http://www.downes.ca/search/blockchain

#### Credentials

Sony plans to launch a testing platform powered by blockchain and that IBM plans to offer 'blockchain-asa-service,"



**Audrey Watters** 

http://hackeducation.com/2016/02/25/blockchain-edu1

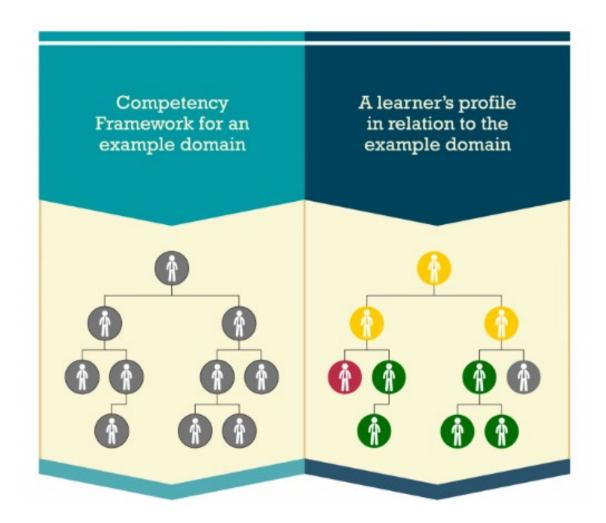
### The Dao

- Ethereum is a decentralized platform that runs smart contracts <a href="https://www.ethereum.org/">https://www.ethereum.org/</a>
- The Dao is a 'distributed corporation' that receives investments, chooses projects, and pays for their development; some of these projects return revenue to Dao and others don't.

https://magazine.backfeed.cc/dao-alive-now-let-evolution-begin/



## **CASS**





# Competency and Skills System

# 4. Internet of Things



What happens when companies know the state of all your devices?

http://www.cbc.ca/news/canada/car-tracking-devices-spark-privacy-concerns-1.1366687

# 5. Games, Sims and Virtual Reality

'Gamification' – adds game elements to learning

'Serious Games' – employs a game to facilitate learning



### Oculus Rift

- 1. Freezers
- 2. Smilers
- 3. Grippers
- 4. Swayers
- 5. Screamers
- 6. Freak-outs



http://donaldclarkplanb.blogspot.ca/2014/11/oculus-rift-freezers-smilers-grippers.html

http://www.downes.ca/search/oculus

# 6. Translation and Collaborative Technology

- Communication is and will be everywhere
- But the future lies in cooperation, not collaboration

Collaboration:

working together

for an agreed-upon objective

**Cooperation:** 

sharing freely

with no expectation of direct reciprocation

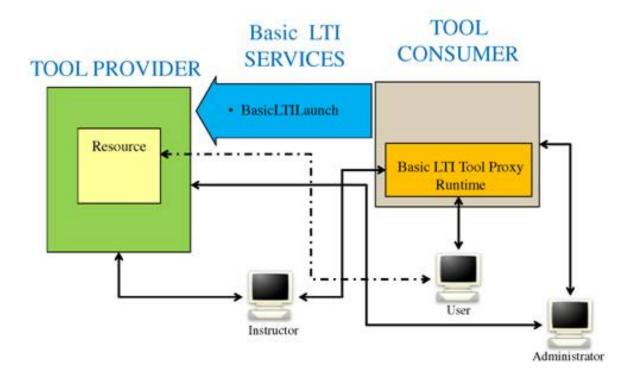
jarche.com

https://cyber.law.harvard.edu/research/cooperation

Image: http://Jarche.com

# Learning Tools

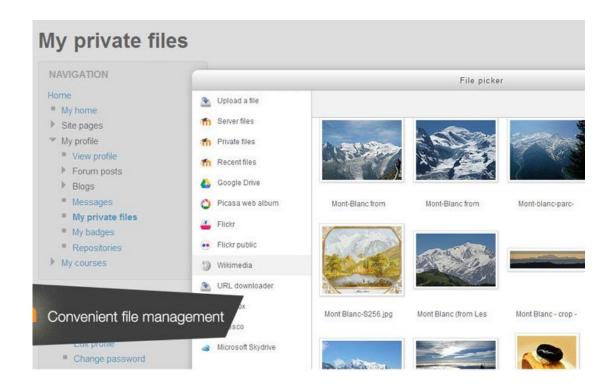
- LTI Producer provides features
- LTI Consumer connects to features



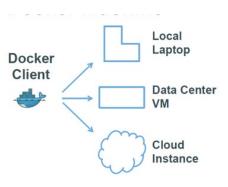
https://www.imsglobal.org/specs/ltiv1p0/implementation-guide

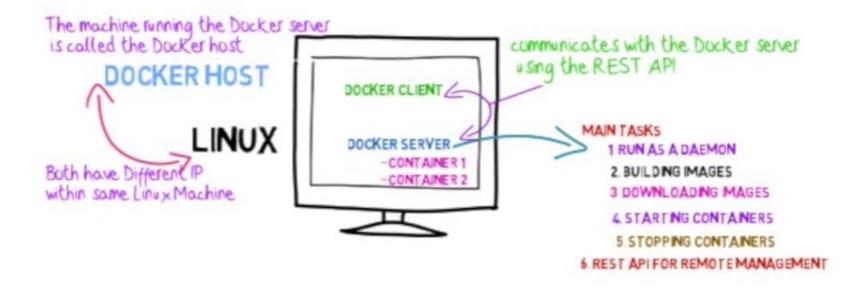
# Cloud Storage

- Cloud hosting of Moodle
- File management



### Docker





- •6 groups
- One for each emerging technology

# Each person

- Create your sentence:
  - From the perspective of your critical literacy
  - About the emerging technology

- •6 groups
- Randomized
- Using whatever method you deem appropriate, select one of the members' sentences

### 1. Results

- 1. Artificial intelligence will challenge our perspective of change in society.
- 2. Handheld and mobile computing are tools that will become assistants of life.
- 3. Blockchains make human beings measurable but don't take into account the subjects' dreams, fears, desires, ie, their actual humanity.
- 4. Cognition is left to machines so the only cognitive effort left to mankind is to remember where our iPhones are.
- 5. Games, sims and virtual reality: we could see it coming. Change was coming and it came. And we don't know where it will go from here.
- 6. Collaborative technologies increase the number of interactions but diminish their quality.

## Reflections....

- Autonomy
- Diversity
- Openness
- Interactivity



http://www.downes.ca