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Principles of Distributed Representation

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Is this a talk about metadata?

Not really.

- **The changing nature of knowledge**
- **Implications for educators**
- **Taking networks seriously**
- **Distributed representation**

What we thought knowledge was like...

- **Mental states - entities in the brain corresponding to 'Paris is the capital of France**
- **Brain writing – these entities have *syntactic* properties (Chomsky) and *semantic* properties (Fodor)**

The information-theoretic view...

- **Communication consists in getting a bit of knowledge P from point A to point B**
- **In learning, the concept of *transactional distance (Moore)* is based on this idea**
- **Pedagogy therefore consists in *improved communication and interaction***

Transactional distance...

- “the physical separation that leads to a psychological and communications gap, a space of potential misunderstanding between the inputs of instructor and those of the learner”
 - Moore http://www.ajde.com/Contents/vol5_3.htm

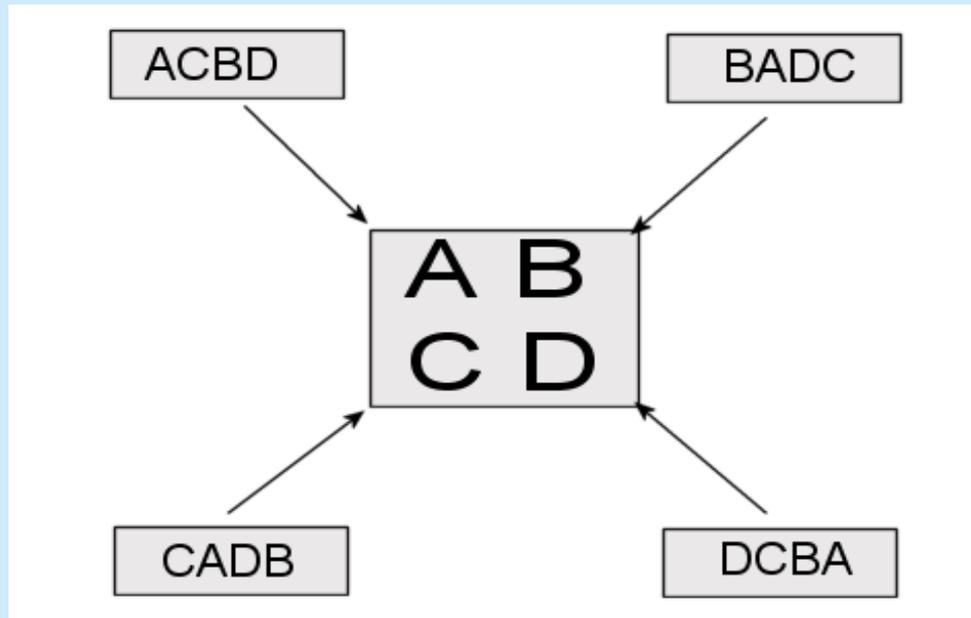
In effect...

- **‘Knowledge’ is like sentences (RDF anyone?)**
- **Vocabulary is unambiguous; meaning is fixed and universally understood**
- **Description (and for that matter, truth) does not vary from person to person (a ‘horse’ is a horse (of course, of course))**

But none of this is true, can't be true...

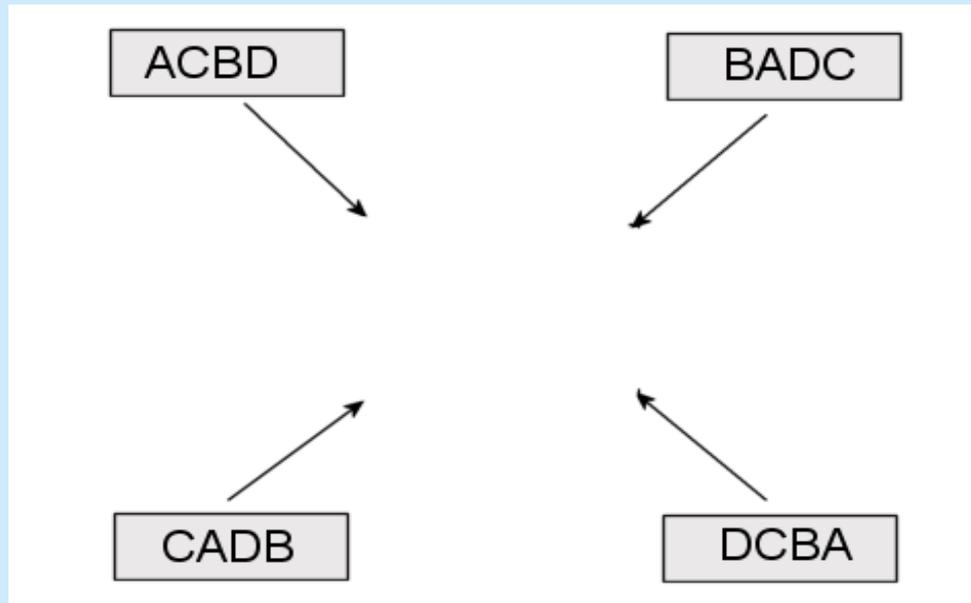
- **If it were true, *context* would have no effect on truth or meaning**
- **But *context-sensitivity* is everywhere**
- **Wittgenstein (meaning), Quine (observation), van Fraassen (explanation), Hanson (causation), Lakoff (categorization), Stalnaker and Lewis (modality)**

What we know depends on our point of view...



(Note that this does not entail relativism)

All we have is our point of view...



Language is, at best, an approximation of knowledge, and at worst, a parody of it

Implications...

- **First, knowledge is *sub-symbolic***
- **That is, *mere possession of the words* is not the same as knowledge**
- **The words make sense only when applied in context**

Implications...

- **Second, knowledge is *distributed***
- **That is, *there is no specific entity* that constitutes, say, the belief that ‘Paris is the capital of France’**
- **There is no given *person* that possesses this knowledge (who would that person even be?)**

Implications...

- Third, knowledge is *interconnected*
- That is, the knowledge that ‘Paris is the capital of France’ is actually *a part of* the knowledge that ‘countries have capitals’ and even ‘ducks are animals’
- Cf.

<http://www.guardian.co.uk/life/feature/story/0,13026,1517186,00.html>

Implications...

- **Fourth, knowledge is *personal***
- **Your belief that ‘Paris is the capital of France’ is quite literally different from my belief**
- **Think, for example, about the word ‘Paris’ – would your neighbour have exactly the same thoughts? *Why not?***

Implications...

- Fifth, knowledge is *emergent*
- The knowledge that ‘Paris is the capital of France’ (in its pure, abstract form) is not contained in any given mind, but emerges as a result of connections between them
- ‘Emergence’ is not a *causal* phenomenon but rather a *perceptual* one – we have to *recognize* it

The wisdom of crowds...

- Each of us has a piece of the puzzle
- We don't *acquire* this piece, we *create* it
- Creation is a process of acquisition, remixing, repurposing, feeding forward
- *Knowledge* is the interplay between our bit of the network and other bits of the network

Hence (for example)...

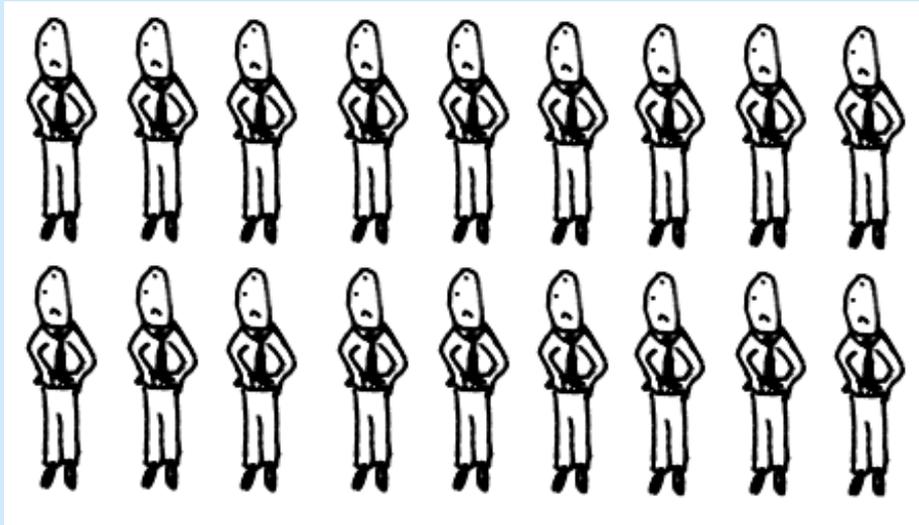
- **Thomas Kuhn – learning a science is learning how to solve the problems at the end of the chapter**
- **Etienne Wenger – learning as participation in a community of practice**

Properties of successful networks...

- **Charles Vest – three key attributes:**
 - **Diversity (many objectives)**
 - **Interwoven (many activities)**
 - **Open (many minds)**
- *Charles M. Vest, SAC, August 8, 2005*

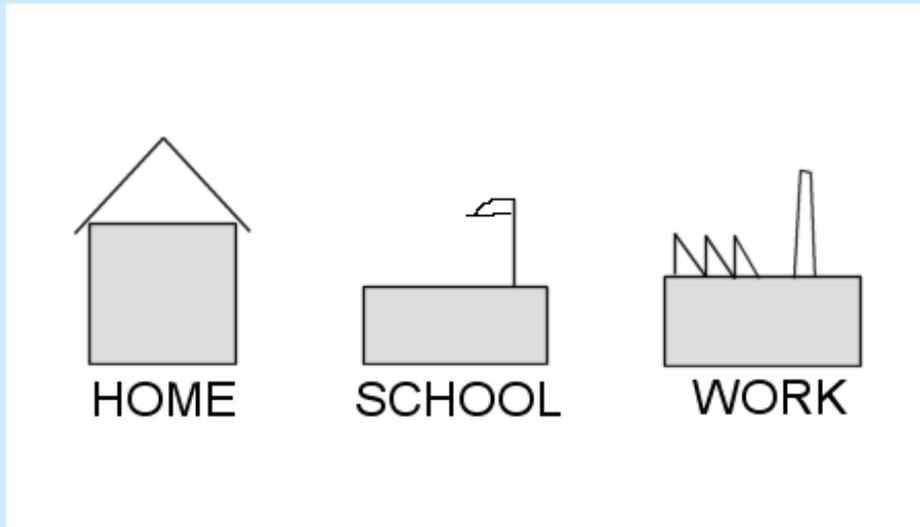
<http://jade.mcli.dist.maricopa.edu/cdb/2005/08/08/opencourseware-sac2005>

Diversity...



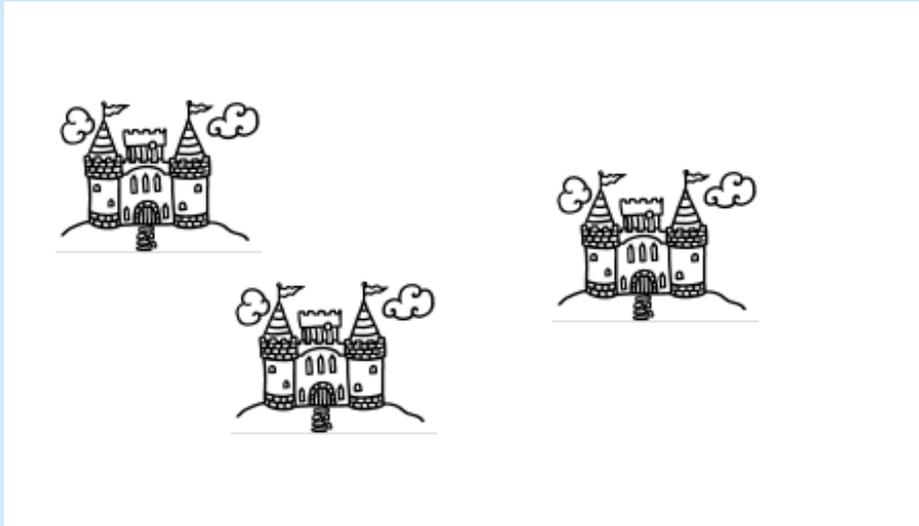
**The idea of making everything the same –
anything the same – is fundamentally misguided**

Interwoven...



The idea that our different activities are distinct is fundamentally misguided

Open...

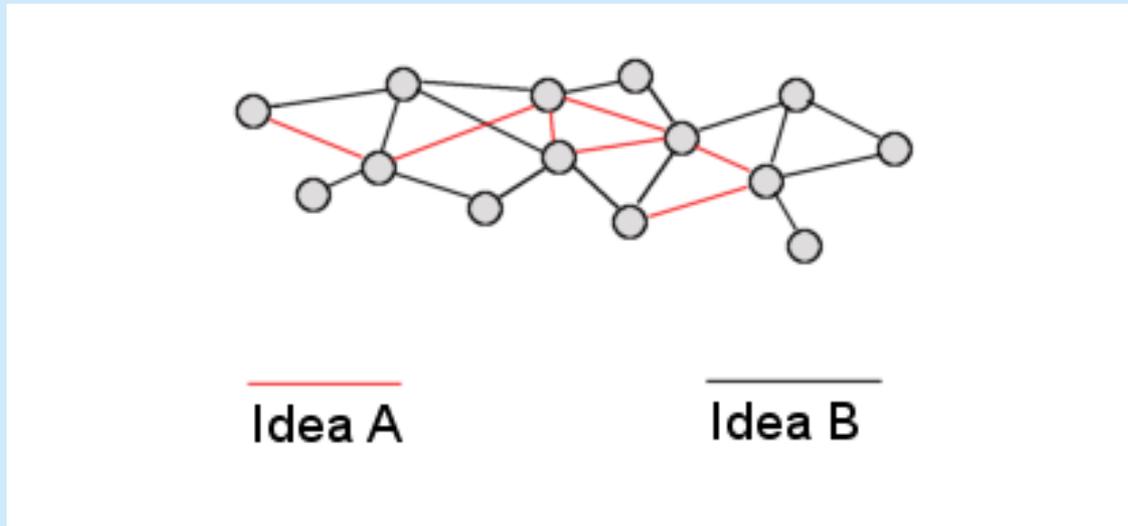


The idea that we can store knowledge in *closed repositories* is fundamentally misguided

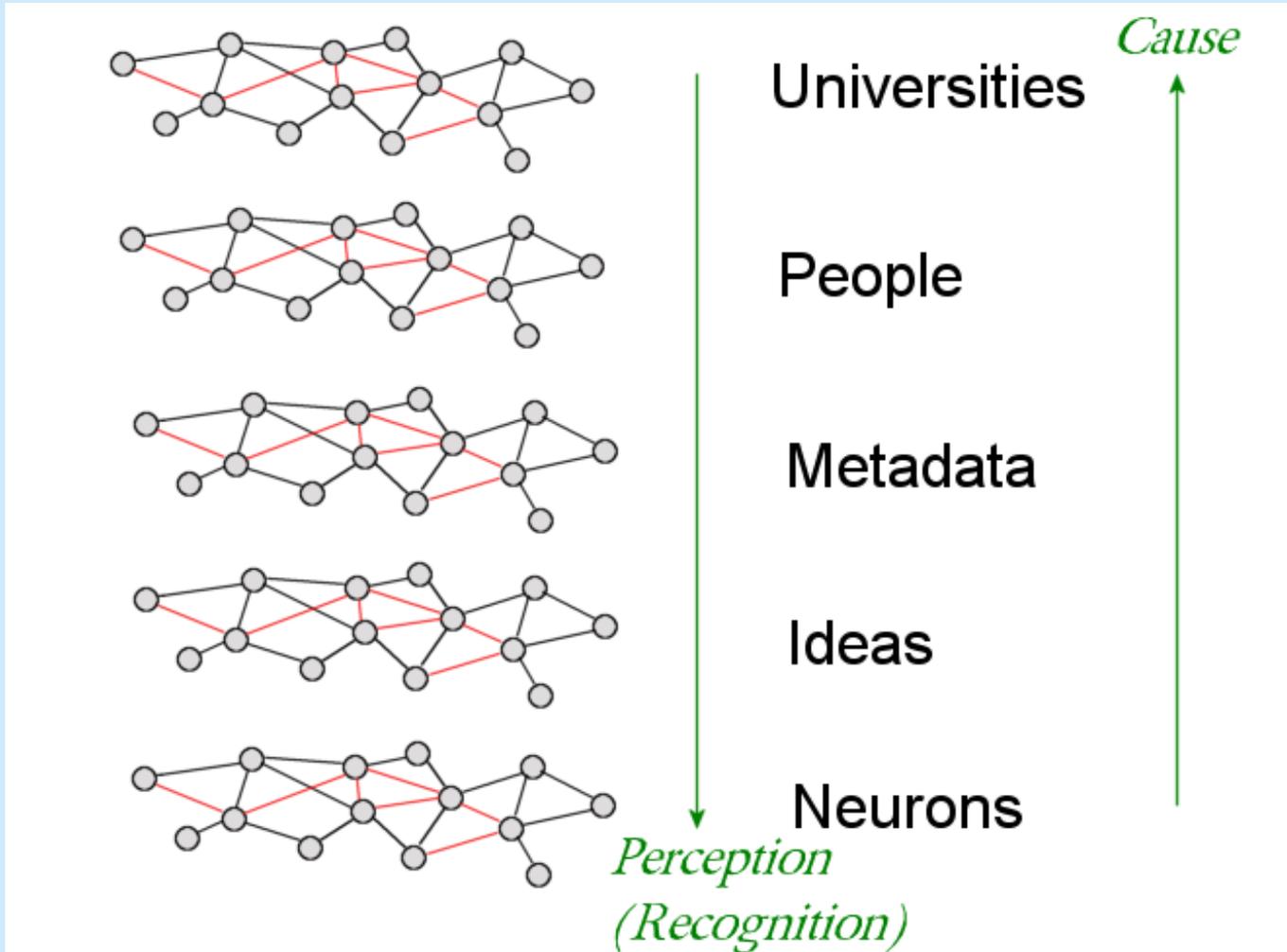
But what about metadata?...

- **These properties are not merely properties of universities...**
- **After all, the ‘basic unit’ of knowledge isn’t the university...**
- **It is... well, it’s many things:**

Connections in networks...



A diversity of entities, each acting autonomously, connected in an open network



Resource Profiles...

- Major features:
 - **Different types of metadata** (microformats)
diversity
 - The information is ***distributed***
interwoven
 - Any given perspective is ***aggregated***
open

LOM Microformats...

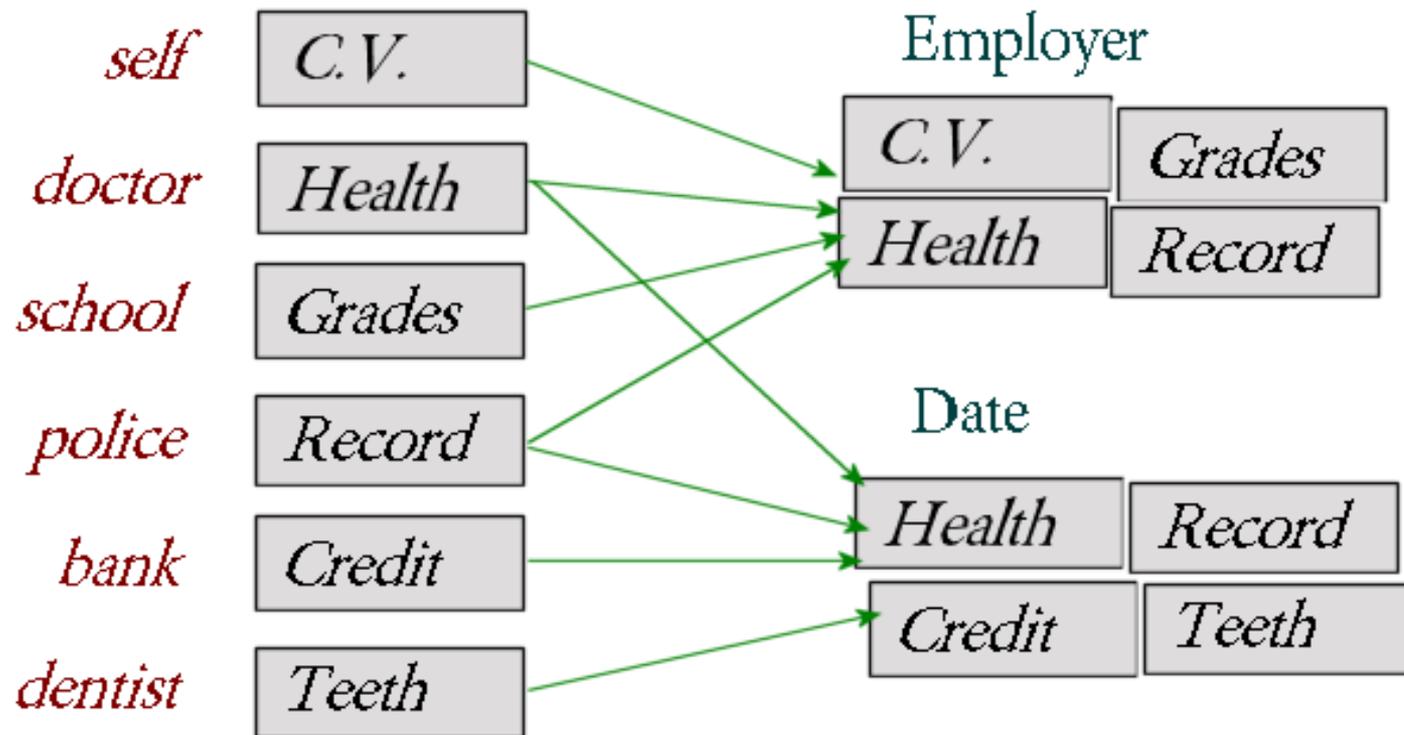
- **The nature of LOM should vary according to the resource**
- **For example, ‘technical metadata’**
 - use audio elements (eg., bitrate) for audio
 - use video elements (eg framerate) for video

Types of Metadata Entities...

- **LOM needs to take its place among a wide range of metadata types**
- **Examples:**
 - Personal metadata, eg., FOAF
 - Rights Metadata, eg. ODRL
 - Events, organizations, publications, more...

Distributed Resource Descriptions...

- Information not only on a person's c.v., but in school transcripts, police records, credit bureau, phone book, etc...
- A prospective employer is interested in a very different *profile* than a prospective date...



Your metadata environment...

- **Again, think about a person's metadata**
- **It includes pointers to external metadata about:**
 - Your property (which may cease one day to be associated with you)
 - Your pets (which you may give away)
 - Your car (which you may sell)

Metadata Referencing...

- **The metadata ‘about’ a given resource is not stored in a single file**
- **References to external entities (authors, licenses) are created by ‘pointers’**
- **In RSS – the ‘rel’ data entity (and you can find them in web pages too)**

on personal website

name
company

on learning website

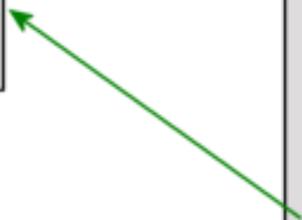
name
description
location
author
rights
...

on broker website

copy
print

name
address

on company website



Principles of distributed metadata...

- **Metadata for a given entity should never be stored in more than one place (still allow mirrors, caching, etc)**
- **Metadata for a given entity should not contain metadata for a second entity**

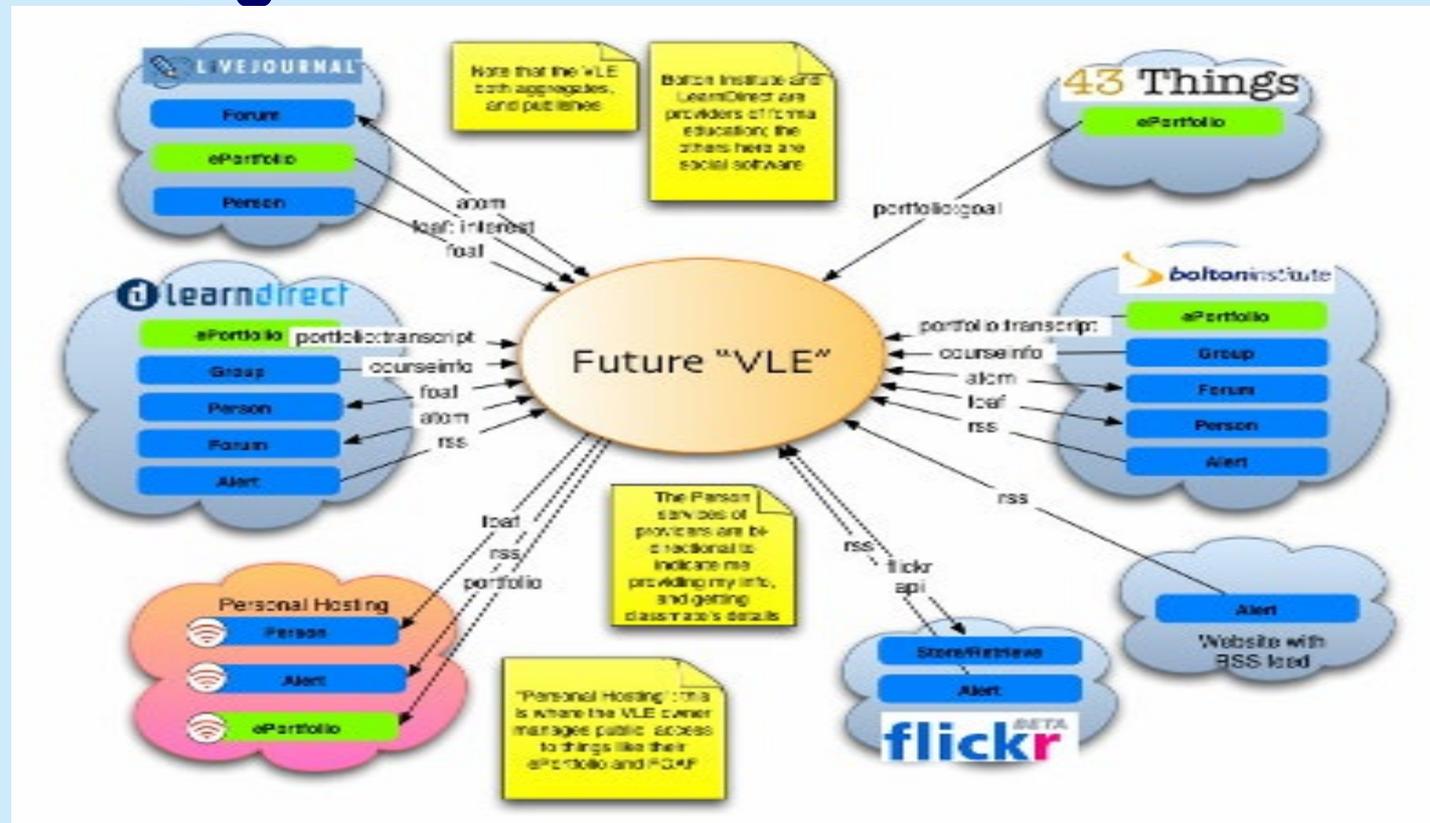
Not Just Metadata...

- The concept also applies to learning resources themselves... *anybody* can produce resources, anyone can use them
- It also applies to *applications*... a *learning environment* is not one application, but many applications
- “Small pieces, loosely joined”

The web is changing...

- **Web 2.0 – not just a slogan**
- **A shift from the idea of the web as *medium* to the idea of the web as *platform***
- **This *just is* a shift from the idea of the web as communication (information theory) to the idea of the web as *network* (or environment... pick your metaphor)**

E-Learning 2.0...



Learning as a network phenomenon...

- **Web of user-generated content (eg. Wikipedia)...**
- **Social networks and communities (entails a genuinely portable (and *owned*) identity**
- **Networks of interactions (aggregate, remix, repurpose, feed forward) – syndication**
- **The *personal* learning centre**

Microformats on the web...

- **Specialized formats for particular applications**
- **Can be *embedded* in, say, web pages or XML metadata, harvested and indexed**
- **Are niche-driven, application-specific**
- **Eg. XFN, hcalendar, hcard, rel tags, rel license, lists and outlines, more...**

<http://microformats.org/>

Web 2.0 Checklist...

- **Structured microcontent**
- **Data outside, not local (feeds galore)**
- **Web APIs (poor man's web services)**
- **Single identity** <http://www.downes.ca/idme.htm>
- **User generated, user-managed**

<http://www.sivas.com/aleene/microcontent/index.php?id=P2205>

What we need...

- ***“We need a system that is optimized toward slotting in new pieces as they become available, not as an after-thought or an add-on, but as a fundamental characteristic of the system.”***
 - *Michael Feldstein, August 7, 2005*
- http://mfeldstein.com/index.php/the_long_tail_of_learning_applications/

Takeaway...

- **Charles Vest talked about a ‘meta-university’**
- ***This* (if I may be so audacious) is the information architecture of the meta-university**
- **The key is not large, integrated systems, but rather, small, flexible bits that can be connected**
- **This applies to metadata too**

LOM will be rewritten...

- **... or maybe, bypassed entirely**
- **Instead of a single standard, will be a set of microformats**
- **Will link to other types of metadata describing authors, resources, rights, etc.**

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